Assessing Global Change Impact on the US Using National Lightning Data

National Climate Assessment PI Meeting

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(abbreviated version)

Dr. William Koshak
Earth Science Office, NASA Marshall Space Flight Center

Other contributors: Ken Cummins (UA), D. Buechler (UAH), B. Vant-Hull (CCNY), R. Blakeslee (NASA/MSFC), E. Williams (MIT), H. Peterson (USRA)



Overview of Project Goals

Develop <u>Assessment Capabilities & Products</u> to monitor, quantify, and provide alerts of climate-induced changes in lightning, and resulting impacts:

- ☐ Evaluate the Sensitivity of <u>Lightning Characteristics</u> to Climate Change
 - lightning flash counts
 - peak return stroke current
 - multiplicity (# strokes per flash)
 - lightning nitrogen oxides (LNOx)
 - diurnal variations (counts, peak current)
- ☐ Determine & Examine Lightning-Caused <u>Impacts</u> to Several Economic Sectors
 - Human Health (lightning-caused injury/death)
 - Agriculture (lightning-caused crop damage)
 - Forestry (lightning-caused wildland fires)
 - Personal Property (lightning-caused personal property damage)



Achievement of Goals

☐ Lightning Analysis Tool (LAT) Developed & Applied

A sustaining assessment tool that provides the assessment capabilities & products for monitoring climate-induced changes in lightning characteristics, and lightning impacts.

☐ Science Results Discussed in:

Journal Articles

- Koshak, W. J., K. L. Cummins, D. E. Buechler, B. Vant-Hull, R. Blakeslee, E. R. Williams, and H. S. Peterson, Variability of CONUS Lightning in 2003-2012 and Associated Impacts, submitted to J. Appl. Meteorol. & Climatol., 2014.
- Chronis, T., R. Said, K. Cummins, <u>W. Koshak</u>, E. McCaul, E. Williams, G. Stano, and M. Grant,
 Climatological Diurnal Variation of CG Lightning Peak Current, submitted to *Geophys. Res. Lett.*,
 2014.

Conference Paper

 Koshak, W. J., B. Vant-Hull, E. W. McCaul, and H. S. Peterson, Variation of a Lightning NOx Indicator for National Climate Assessment, *International Conference on Atmospheric Electricity*, June, 2014.

Book Chapter

<u>Koshak, W. J.</u>, Global Lightning Nitrogen Oxides Production, to appear in Chapter 19 of the upcoming 2nd edition of <u>The Lightning Flash</u>, editor Vernon Cooray, IEE Power & Energy Series.



Found that CG lightning is decreasing!

Why does CG lightning <u>drop</u> by 12.8% when T is trending <u>up</u>?

Answer: Lightning needs heat <u>& moisture</u>. So use long-term Tw (instead of T) to obtain positive correlation.



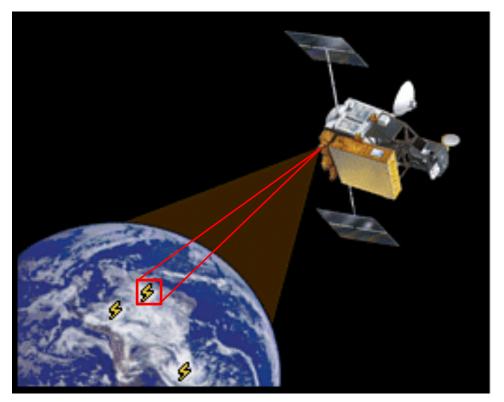
Significant Challenge!

Wanted to go beyond the simple **Lightning NOx Indicator**

$$LNI = \sum_{i=1}^{N} A_i B_i .$$

Solution:

Derived a way to use TRMM/LIS data to estimate flash energy and then convert this energy to Lightning NOx Production *P.*



Lightning Nitrogen Oxides (LNOx) affect greenhouse gases & hence climate.

$$P = \sum_{k=1}^{N_O} P_k + N_u \left(\frac{1}{N_o} \sum_{k=1}^{N_o} P_k \right) \quad , \qquad P_k = \frac{CYA\Delta\lambda}{\beta N_A} \sum_{i=1}^{m_k} \sum_{j=1}^{n_k} \left[\frac{a_{jk} \cos \alpha_{jk}}{r_{jk}^2} \right] \overline{\xi}_{\lambda ijk}$$

$$P_{k} = \frac{CYA\Delta\lambda}{\beta N_{A}} \sum_{i=1}^{m_{k}} \sum_{j=1}^{n_{k}} \left[\frac{a_{jk} \cos \alpha_{jk}}{r_{jk}^{2}} \right] \overline{\xi}_{\lambda ijk}$$



• Obtained LIS-inferred LNOx 1998-2013.

Found that it trended downward in this period.



Completed Assessment of Climate-Induced Changes in CG Lightning-Caused Impacts.

Sensitivity =
$$\frac{\partial I}{\partial T_w} = \frac{\partial I}{\partial N} \frac{\partial N}{\partial T_w}$$

I =Impact to a Sector

N = CG Lightning Count

 T_{w} = Wet-Bulb Temperature

Human Health

Fatalities: 13.7 deaths/°C

Injuries: 85.4 injuries/°C

Agriculture

Crop Damage: \$63,198/°C

Personal Property

Homeowners Insurance Claims: \$367.3M/°C

Forestry

Wildfires (number): 4158/°C Wildfires (acres): 1.2M/°C



Future Evolution & Benefits

☐ Employ GOES-R Geostationary Lightning Mapper (GLM) Data

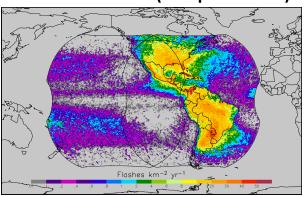
- Launch early 2016.
- Offers <u>continuous</u> monitoring of total lightning over all of CONUS.
- Data will be implemented into this project's Lightning Analysis Tool (LAT) for NCA studies.
- Will apply LNOx production P equation for improved (i.e. <u>continuous</u>) LNOx monitoring.

■ Employ International Space Station Lightning Imaging Sensor (ISS/LIS) Data

- Launch early 2016.
- Views all of CONUS (TRMM/LIS only up to 38°N).
- Data will be implemented into this project's Lightning Analysis Tool (LAT) for NCA studies.
- Will apply LNOx production P equation for improved & cross-sensor LNOx monitoring.

... Present NCA work represents important preparation & proving ground for analyzing these future data!

GLM field-of-view (East park better)



ISS/LIS field-of-view (red-dotted)

